1	H.674
2	Introduced by Representatives Lanpher of Vergennes, Keenan of
3	St. Albans City, Connor of Fairfield, and Ram of Burlington
4	Referred to Committee on
5	Date:
6	Subject: Conservation and development; water pollution control; public notice
7	of discharges
8	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require the
9	operator of a wastewater treatment facility to notify the Secretary of Natural
10	Resources and local health officers within defined time limits of: combined
11	sewer overflows; overflows from sanitary sewers and combined sewer
12	systems; upsets or bypasses around or within the wastewater treatment facility
13	during dry or wet weather conditions; and discharges of domestic, commercial,
14	or industrial wastewater from the wastewater treatment facility to separate
15	storm sewer systems. The Secretary of Natural Resources would be required
16	to post, within defined time limits, notice of unpermitted discharges to waters
17	of the State that may pose a threat to human health or the environment. In
18	addition, the bill proposes to require the Commissioner of Health to issue a
19	daily press release to Vermont news media regarding whether cyanobacteria
20	have been identified in any water of the State at a level that could constitute a
21	public health hazard.

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1	An act relating to public notice of wastewater discharges
2	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
3	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 1285 is added to read:
4	<u>§ 1285. NOTIFICATION OF SEWAGE AND WASTEWATER</u>
5	DISCHARGES
6	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
7	(1) "Collection system" means pipelines or conduits, pumping stations,
8	force mains, and all other facilities used to collect or conduct sewage or
9	stormwater, or both sewage and stormwater.
10	(2) "Combined sewer overflow" means a discharge to waters of the
11	State from a combined sewer system outfall that results from a wet weather
12	storm event.
13	(3) "Combined sewer system" means a collection system that was
14	designed to convey sewage and stormwater through the same network of pipes
15	to a treatment plant.
16	(4) "Dry weather flow" means flow in a sanitary sewer or combined
17	sewer system during periods of dry weather.
18	(5) "Pollution abatement facility" shall have the same meaning as in

19 <u>section 1571 of this title.</u>

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1	(6) "Sanitary sewer" means a collection system that conveys sewage and
2	groundwater entering the collection system through infiltration to a wastewater
3	treatment plant.
4	(7) "Separate storm sewer system" means a collection system that is
5	designed to discharge stormwater and groundwater entering the collection
6	system through inflow and infiltration to surface waters.
7	(8) "Sewage" means domestic, commercial, and industrial wastewater
8	conveyed by a collection system.
9	(9) "Stormwater" means precipitation and snowmelt that does not
10	infiltrate into soil, including material dissolved or suspended in it.
11	(10) "Wastewater treatment facility" means a pollution abatement
12	facility, including the treatment plant, collection system, and pump stations,
13	permitted by the Secretary for the purpose of treating sewage.
14	(b) Notice.
15	(1) The permitted operator of a wastewater treatment facility shall
16	provide notice to the Secretary of:
17	(A) combined sewer overflows from the wastewater treatment
18	facility;
19	(B) overflows from sanitary sewers and combined sewer systems that
20	are part of the wastewater treatment facility during dry weather flows, which
21	result in a discharge to waters of the State;

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1	(C) upsets or bypasses around or within the wastewater treatment
2	facility during dry or wet weather conditions that are due to factors unrelated to
3	a wet weather storm event and that result in a discharge to waters of the
4	State; and
5	(D) discharges of domestic, commercial, or industrial wastewater
6	from the wastewater treatment facility to separate storm sewer systems.
7	(2) An operator of a wastewater treatment facility required to report
8	under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall report to the Secretary and the
9	local health officer of the municipality where the facility is located as soon as
10	possible, but no later than four hours from the detection of an overflow or
11	discharge, except that if the overflow or discharge is detected between the
12	hours of 9:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m., the operator shall provide notice no later than
13	10:00 a.m. of that morning.
14	(3) The operator shall notify the Secretary through use of the
15	Department of Environmental Conservation's online event reporting system.
16	If, for any reason, the online system is not operable, the operator shall notify
17	the Secretary via telephone or e-mail.
18	(4) A notice required by this section shall include:
19	(A) The specific location of each discharge or overflow, including
20	the body of water affected. For combined sewer overflows, the specific

1	location of each discharge means each outfall that has discharged during a wet
2	weather storm event.
3	(B) Except for discharges under subdivision (1)(D) of this
4	subsection (b), the date and approximate time the discharge began.
5	(C) The date and approximate time the discharge ended. If the
6	discharge is still ongoing at the time of reporting, the entity reporting the
7	discharge shall amend the report with the date and approximate time the
8	discharge ended within three business days of the discharge ending.
9	(D) Except for discharges under subdivision (1)(D) of this
10	subsection (b), the approximate total volume of sewage and, if applicable,
11	stormwater that was released. If the approximate total volume is unknown at
12	the time of reporting, the entity reporting the discharge shall amend the report
13	with the approximate total volume within three business days.
14	(E) The cause of the discharge.
15	(F) The person reporting the discharge.
16	(G) Any other information deemed necessary by the Secretary.
17	(c) Notice by the Secretary. Except for discharges posted pursuant to
18	subdivisions (b)(1)-(3) of this section, the Secretary shall post notice of
19	unpermitted discharges to waters of the State that may pose a threat to human
20	health or the environment and that are identified by the Secretary. The
21	Secretary's notice shall include the information required under subdivision

1	(b)(4) of this section and shall be posted on the Secretary's online event
2	reporting system no later than four hours from the detection of a discharge,
3	except that if the discharge is detected between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and
4	5:00 a.m., the Secretary shall post the notice no later than 10:00 a.m. of that
5	morning.
6	(d) Signage.
7	(1) Each combined sewer overflow outfall shall be marked with a
8	permanent sign that identifies the outfall and warns of the potential threat to
9	public health that may be posed by recreating in the waters at the outfall or
10	downstream of the outfall during or after a wet weather storm event. The
11	Secretary shall provide each municipality with a combined sewer overflow two
12	signs for each outfall within the municipality. A municipality shall
13	periodically inspect and maintain each sign marking a combined sewer
14	overflow outfall and shall replace a sign if it is destroyed, removed, or no
15	longer legible.
16	(2)(A) A municipality shall post temporary signs at public access areas
17	downstream of overflows from sanitary sewers and combined sewer systems
18	during:
19	(i) dry weather flows;

1	(ii) upsets or bypasses within wastewater treatment facilities
2	during dry or wet weather conditions, which are due to factors unrelated to a
3	wet weather storm event; and
4	(iii) discharges of domestic, commercial, or industrial wastewater
5	to separate storm sewer systems.
6	(B) The signs shall warn of the potential threat to public health that
7	may be posed by recreating in the waters due to the discharge. The signs shall
8	remain in place until the discharge has stopped and the local health officer has
9	determined that the threat to public health has passed.
10	Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1278(e) is amended to read:
11	(e) Notice of certain discharges. The secretary of natural resources shall
12	post publicly notice of an illegal discharge that may pose a threat to human
13	health or the environment on its website within 24 hours of the agency's
14	receipt of notification of the discharge. [Repealed.]
15	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 1222 is added to read:
16	§ 1222. CYANOBACTERIA MONITORING AND NOTIFICATION
17	(a) As used in this section:
18	(1) "Cyanobacteria" means photosynthetic bacteria that have
19	two photosystems, produce molecular oxygen, and use water as an
20	electron-donating substrate in photosynthesis, including microcystin, anatoxin,
21	and cylindrospermopsin.

1	(2) "Waters" shall have the same meaning as used in 10 V.S.A. § 1251.
2	(b) On or before January 1, 2017, the Commissioner of Health, after
3	consultation with the Secretary of Natural Resources, shall establish a program
4	that coordinates all efforts to monitor the presence of cyanobacteria in the
5	waters of the State.
6	(c) Beginning on January 1, 2017, the Commissioner of Health shall issue
7	daily press releases to Vermont news media regarding whether cyanobacteria
8	have been identified in any water of the State at a level that could constitute a
9	public health hazard. The Commissioner of Health shall post each press
10	release to the website of the Department of Health.
11	Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATES
12	This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 3 (cyanobacteria

13 <u>monitoring</u>) shall take effect on July 1, 2016.